



Divorce GOES GREY

Ending a marriage later in life is no longer a social disgrace as divorce rates rise for those people 50- or even 60-plus. Here's why some long-married couples call it quits | by Lisa Bendall

When 65-year-old Margaret Lewis used to imagine her senior years, she saw herself outside a pretty bungalow shared with her husband, tending peonies in a big straw hat while her grandchildren frolicked in the garden. Instead, she lives in an apartment, all alone but for a dog. When she's outside, she's not clipping garden flowers but strolling along the nearby southern Ontario lakeshore and reflecting on her future.

A year ago, Lewis walked out on her 35-year marriage and turned her life on its ear.

"We always think that when you get to a certain age, you have it all together, and you just live out the rest of your life," says Lewis (not her real name). "Sometimes, I frighten myself because something inside me has changed."

Lewis's decision to leave her marriage later in life might be considered a bold move, even a scandalous one, by generations before her. But society's increasing tolerance of separation and divorce is one reason why men and women her age are much more

likely to end a bad marriage than they used to be.

The fact is the divorce rate among couples over the age of 50 has been steadily rising in the last 10 or so years. Divorce in other age groups fell or went up only slightly in the same time period. Pauline Lake, a counsellor who works with separated and divorced people in St. John's, N.L., says over half the people in the divorce and separation groups she leads are now over 50. And most of them, she says, have come from long-term marriages.

Why are these men and women waiting so long to pull the plug on their marriages? After all, they're about to enter their golden years. That around-the-world dream cruise is within reach at last. The kids are grown and gone, and retirement is just around the corner.

That is actually a big reason why these couples decide to call it quits, says Barbara Mitchell, a sociologist at B.C.'s Simon Fraser University. "The children have grown up and left home, so there's less incentive to stay together for their sake." Couples may finally

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feel they are free to do something about marital problems that have been brewing for years.

That's essentially what happened in Lewis's marriage. "We drifted terribly apart," she says. "Our value systems changed, our expectations in a relationship. Suddenly, after we were all alone, it was like a light came on. Hey, we don't have anything." These differences can be exacerbated if husbands have spent years in the workforce while wives raised the children and developed their own personal interests.

The division hasn't always happened over decades, however. In this age group, some of these breakups are second marriages, which tend to have a higher divorce rate than first-time unions.

With the slackening of social stigma in our society, many older people no longer consider divorce to be such a disgrace. And declining religious values may mean there's also less faith-based pressure to stay in a miserable marriage. The result: a new surge in what's being called "grey divorce."

With retirement around the corner, "this is the worst point in time for separating, from a financial perspective," says Sachs

HEAR THE WOMEN ROAR

Who's idea is it, anyway? We've heard of men leaving longtime partners in pursuit of younger non-menopausal nymphs. That's no old wives' tale: it happens. But increasingly, these later-life divorces are led by women who want out.

What's changed? Women are more economically independent now because they're more likely to have experienced the workforce, says Mitchell. If they're unhappy with their husbands, if he's cheating or he's drinking or he just won't pick up his own socks, they're walking away. "As women are becoming empowered, they don't put up with that. In the past, women turned a blind eye to it because the costs were too great."

"His behaviour, my decision. That sums it up," says Barbara Bunce Desmeules of Montreal, Que., who asked her husband for a divorce when she was 54. "I knew what I wouldn't stand for anymore."

And after years of putting their family first, women are finally focusing on their own best interests. "Women have been answering to children and husbands for all of their adult life," notes Gwen Martin of Yoho, N.B., who broke up with her common-law husband at 53. "There's that small window of opportunity before your parents are really going to need you, when you are out on your own and you can really kick up your heels and do what you want, when you want and indulge in all those creative pursuits that you didn't have a chance to do when you were

answering to everyone else's whims."

That doesn't mean these ex-wives aren't stricken by conscience. "When you make this kind of a move, the guilt is horrific," admits Lewis. "You're leaving an older man to fend for himself." And in a generation where traditional roles still sometimes rule, that may mean the husband is helpless in the kitchen or laundry room. It doesn't stop there. Lake adds, "There's also the guilt of hurting the adult children and hurting the grandchildren."

THE EFFECT ON FAMILY

Hurting the children, really? Indeed, it turns out these couples who've toughed it out for the kids aren't exactly shielding them by winding up the marriage later. Sure, there aren't matters of child support, custody and step-parenting to struggle with when these parents finally separate. But adult children can still suffer a sense of loss after the family structure they've known all their lives has splintered. They may worry about their own young marriages – after all, if Mom and Dad couldn't stick it out, what does that mean for them?

And although the parents won't have to work out who gets the kids for summer vacation, there are other logistical sticking points. "There will be issues like what are we going to do at our children's wedding?" says Anne Bolton, a family mediator in Winnipeg.

Bolton also points out that pulling kids into the middle of conflict can be just as damaging when those children are grown. Older divorced parents often open up about their problems and vent about their ex-spouses, forcing adult children to take sides. "I think some of the issues like vying for affection play out with grandchildren as well," Bolton adds.

Couples who've been married a long time also find their divorce has an impact on extended families. Often, deep attachments have developed over the decades. And while some manage to keep those relationships alive, bitterness or divided loyalties make it impossible for others. "The whole in-law thing, that's all gone," says Bunce Desmeules, whose 34-year kinship with one of her ex-husband's relatives was completely cut off. "That disappointed me." It's salt in the wound for women and men who are already reeling from the loss of a spouse.

MOURNING THE LOSS

There's no question that late-life breakups provoke a myriad of feelings: grief, shock, loneliness, depression, shame, anger, fear. Even the spouse who initiates the split may mourn the relationship or feel betrayed by the other's behaviour. "It was the loss of common memories I found hardest," remembers Martin, who felt a great sadness after she left her partner.

Both parties may fret about the future, which has suddenly morphed into a big question mark. "The older they are, the more they will voice concern, 'What happens when I'm sick?'" says Lake. "There's this fear of being alone at this stage of life where there may be health concerns." And even if they seek remarriage

